

BANTHA TRACKS

JOURNAL OF THE OFFICIAL STAR WARS/LUCASFILM FAN CLUB

THE OPTICAL DEPARTMENT

PART TWO:
MAINTAINING
THE ILLUSION

In the last issue of BANTHA TRACKS, we talked to Bruce Nicholson, Supervisor of the Optical Department at Industrial Light & Magic, about Optical's work. In this issue, we continue discussion with Bruce and other members of the department. They include Optical Line-up persons Tom Rosseter, Peg Hunter, Ed Jones, and Ralph Gordon; John Ellis, Optical Photography Supervisor; Louis Rivera, Assistant Film Lab Technician; Kenneth Smith, Head Optical Printer Operator; Don Clark, Optical Printer Operator; Jeff Doran, Film Lab Technician; Tim Geideman, Lab Technician; James Lim, Optical Printer Operator; and Dave Berry, Optical Photography Supervisor.

Someone once compared the Optical Department to a heart, because all the veins of ILM lead there eventually. It's really more like the last link in a chain.

The chain starts with the design of a special effects shot. On a Lucasfilm movie, this is done by George Lucas and the head of the Art Department. All the parts, or elements, of the shot are photographed, one part at a time: live action, blue screen, miniatures, matte paintings. The shot then goes to the editors, who decide how all the individual pieces of film will go together. When the shot comes to the head of the Optical Department

from editorial, it comes as the original negative and a workprint, which is a kind of rough and dirty copy. The workprint has the editors' synchronization information (for matching sound and so on), and the negative is used to make intermediate printing elements. The head of Optical assigns the shot to a line-up person, who puts it all together, and a cameraman shoots it. That's the end of the chain. When Optical is done, ILM is done—the film is ready to be made into the print that will be shown in your neighborhood theater.

Basically Optical's job is to take all the pieces of film for each shot, stick them together photographically, through the intermediate prints, and erase the seams so they look like one single photo. Actually putting the film into the printer for the final composite is one of the last steps. Then it's balanced and

"tweaked" a little more so the elements are the right color and look like they belong in the background into which they're being inserted. That's the hard part.

"We're constantly adjusting and changing to make all these little pieces of film look like they were photographed at the same time. Then we hope we have someone editing it, like George, who can look at the shot and say, 'Okay, great! It'll only be on screen a second,' so you don't have a chance to really stare at it and see that it looks like a model or whatever. Having a real fast pace helps, too."

Even Optical can't work miracles. "An optical department can make a good shot look bad, but not necessarily the opposite. To us,

continued inside . . .



Kerry Nordquist

The "Optical Dogs". Left to right. Top row: Brad Kuehn, Don Clark, Mike Shanon, Peg Hunter, and James Lim. Middle: Jeff Doran, Tom Rosseter, Louis Rivera, Dave Berry, John Ellis. Bottom row: Ed Jones, Bruce Nicholson, Jim Hagedorn, Ralph Gordon.



*Interview: The Optical Department
(continued)*

every little step in the way the shot is designed is critical, because if any one of the steps is not done well, it often shows up.

"If it isn't a real strong shot, with the negative properly exposed, properly framed, and perspectives between the different pieces of film matched properly, we can't make it look good. We can patch it up, but it still goes out with Band-Aids and splints."

Still, Optical can sometimes save a shot that can't be saved any other way. The "imploding house" sequence in *POLTERGEIST* is a good example. The miniature effect could have only one take, and it was under-exposed by 1½ stops on the camera. This made it too dark to match the background. It was impossible to reshoot the element (the miniature) because it would take months to prepare for another try. So Optical printed the element brighter in the optical printer, while printing the background darker. That produced an exceptional balance in the final composite.

You might think that some movies might have shots that are generally easier to do, but to Optical, every movie has its hard shots and its

easier shots. "You never know. Some shots you think are going to be so easy, but when they come in they're real difficult. The sand skiff scene in *RETURN OF THE JEDI* is a good example. That was one of the toughest sequences to do, and it was the last one done. It should have been one of the first."

Or take the mine chase sequence in *INDIANA JONES AND THE TEMPLE OF DOOM*. "People in the theater think we found some mine and shot the sequence there. But a lot of it's really a little miniature cave 2½ to 3 feet wide. There were also sets where they shot close-ups on full-size mine cars with people in them; three main characters in one and the bad guys in the other."

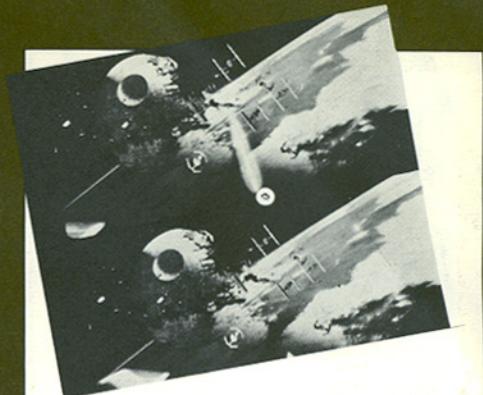
"We see those mine cars as they really look. Then we have the model right next to them. The model has to look exactly like the real thing, has to work exactly, because the audience has something to compare it to."

"A shot like this has two problems. It's a realistic setting, so people will recognize it. And the real version is sitting right next to it. So there may be only two elements in that shot, instead of 50 spaceships, but it's real tough to match."

"Usually the shots that are the hardest aren't the ones with lots of spaceships, but the ones with real people standing around in front of a desert or something. Those cause us more problems than a space shuttle. Shots that involve what we know to be true on Earth are harder because they have to be absolutely accurate, as opposed to a shot in outer space, where we don't know what it really looks like."

"Something like the Rancor pit monster is not real, so if he looks green or blue or purple or whatever, people will just say, 'Oh, he's supposed to look like that.' If we turned Han Solo or any of the other characters green or purple, we'd be in trouble!"

Fortunately, not every shot turns out to be harder than Optical expects. Some are easier, like the speeder bike chase through the forest of Endor in *RETURN OF THE JEDI*. "It was so well thought out

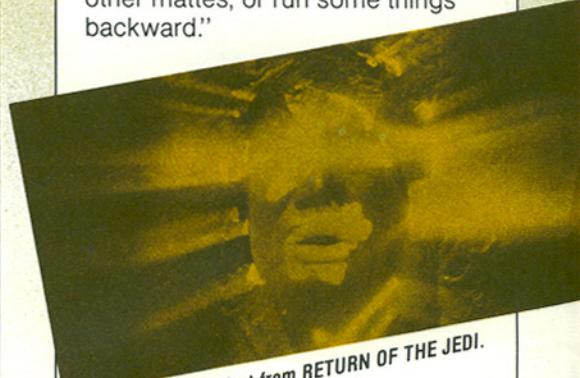


and photographed that it was the first effects sequence to be finished on that picture. The speeder bikes look like they're actually going through the forest."

"And then there's what we call a 'take one final.' That's a composite shot that's accepted by the effects supervisor in dailies on the first take that is shot. That's the ultimate. When it happens, you remember it." Other shots may go to as many as 18 takes.

There are other things Optical remembers too—like making mistakes. "We line up a shot (get it ready for optical printing), maybe 40 frames (less than two seconds) long. We start shooting with the camera and spend four or five hours on the shot. Then we realize we have a mistake. We're under a big time crunch: maybe it's 7 o'clock at night and the film has to go to the lab at 11. Holy smoke, what are we going to do?"

"That's when our job really becomes kind of fun. We have to make the decision about what to do. Do we throw out the four hours of work we've already put in, because we just can't do that shot tonight? Do we gamble that in the next four hours we can go ahead and maybe save the shot? Maybe we can flop things around, or use other mattes, or run some things backward."



Battle scene from *STAR TREK II: THE WRATH OF KHAN*.



Carbonite thaw effect from *RETURN OF THE JEDI*.

BANT TRACKS



Jabba's Barge blows up on the roof top of ILM.

"We can go to the other people in Optical, too—it's all kind of a team effort here. We'll get Dave over there helping do one thing, and Bruce will cut pieces of film apart and put different pieces in the shot. And that clock up there just keeps ticking."

"Then it's time to report to the lab. Even if we're in the middle of the shot, when the editors say, 'We're going to the lab,' that's it, we have to stop. To buy more time, we might use little tricks like pushing the hand of the clock back five minutes. When the editors come in to tell us it's 11 o'clock and they have to be at the lab, we can say, 'No, it isn't, we've still got five minutes left.' Even one more minute might let us finish the shot."

"Hopefully in the end we patch up that mistake so that the people in the audience can't see it. Of course, sometimes we just can't. Optical can throw out something like a blue-screen shot if it is not exposed properly. But if there is a problem with action or composition, we have to consult the effects supervisor first."

Sometimes the problem may not show up right away. "We may work eight hours on a shot, with hundreds of passes through the camera, and make a mistake in the first 10 minutes. But we don't know it until the next day in dailies. We

sink down in our seats, and we're embarrassed, but that's part of optical effects."

"And one of the great things about working here is that there are no recriminations for mistakes. Some people feel bad themselves about it, but nobody is chewed out, nobody is made to feel bad if something they spent a lot of time on doesn't look right on screen. We try to fix it. This starts right at the top and goes all the way down. It is understood that this stuff is really complex and some things will go wrong. You know we're always pushing here, and not getting in trouble for making mistakes gives us a chance to do a lot better."

The dailies at which the film shot the day before is viewed are held every morning. They are attended by the key people involved in a show or a shot. On his movies, George Lucas is often there also. "George knows exactly what he

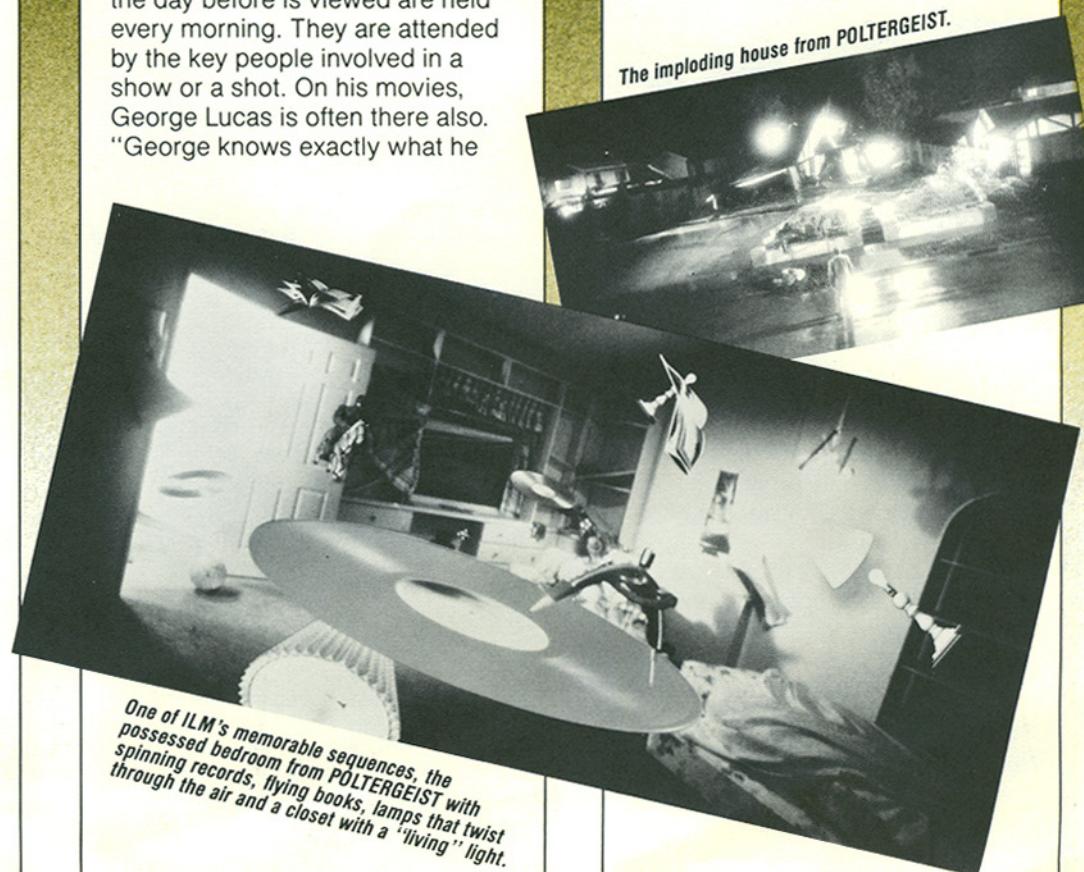
wants. There may be a shot we worked on for three or four hours, so we know everything in it. It comes on screen, and George takes his pointer and says, 'There's a problem there.' We're looking for a matte out of sync or something, but he says, 'That planet has to be about 2½ fields lower.* He knows the whole film, and he knows where that planet is going to be from shot to shot to shot. He has it all in his head.

"The good thing about George is that he knows when to quit, too. He knows when something is just the way he wants it, whether we think it's perfect or not. There could be a technical problem or something, but he knows where the shot is in the film, and he knows it is going to work."

"For example, there's the part in *RAIDERS OF THE LOST ARK* where the trucks are chasing the jeep, and the jeep goes over the cliff and the guys fall out. We always thought it was a funny-looking shot. But in dailies, George said, 'Oh, it's fine.' George knew exactly where the audience was going to be when that jeep went off the cliff, and he

continued inside . . .

The imploding house from *POLTERGEIST*.



One of ILM's memorable sequences, the possessed bedroom from *POLTERGEIST* with spinning records, flying books, lamps that twist through the air and a closet with a "living" light.

BANTHA TRACKS PRESENTS

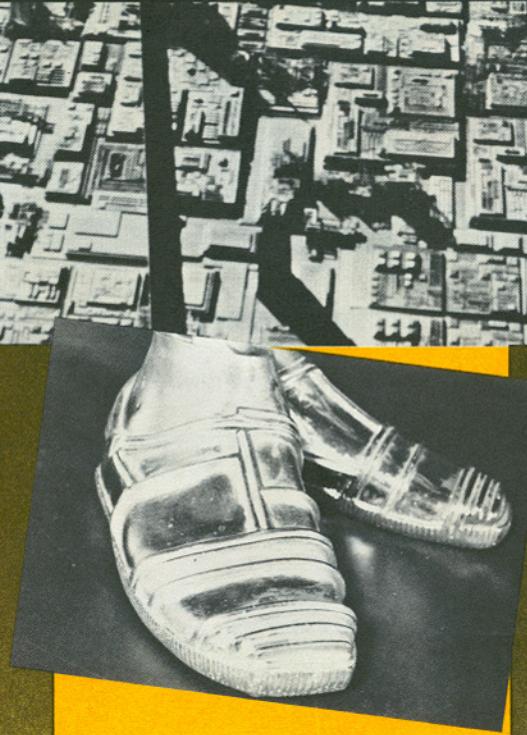
RANDOM ACCESS

THE 1985 STAR WARS/LUCASFILM CONTEST

In 1981 and 1983 the Star Wars/Lucasfilm Fan Club held Creativity Contests to honor the countless STAR WARS/LUCASFILM enthusiasts who continue to send us artistic efforts inspired by the STAR WARS and INDIANA JONES movies. These models, paintings, drawings, and photographs decorate our offices, providing the entire Lucasfilm crew with special enjoyment.

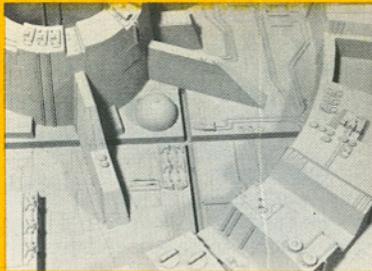
But it has occurred to us that many of you weren't able to take part in these two past contests for many reasons—ranging from a lack of time to, perhaps, the misbelief your artistic efforts were not up to par. Because we'd like to include as many people as possible; and because it would be just good fun, we have created RANDOM ACCESS, a contest anyone with a force number can enter.

RANDOM ACCESS is just what it sounds like, random access to our prize packages listed below. It's a random drawing so everyone can take part. Please read and follow the instructions and rules carefully before returning your entry. Good luck!



1. All current STAR WARS/LUCASFILM Fan Club members are eligible to enter except for employees of Lucasfilm Ltd., and their immediate family members.

2. Fill out the entry form with your name, address, and Force Number. Your Force Number is above your name on the mailing label. It starts with your zip code followed by a string of letters and numbers based on your name and address. Members outside the USA have a seven-digit Force Number.



3. Carefully remove the entire form from this page by separating at the perforated lines. Fold as indicated, staple, affix postage, and mail.

4. Entries mailed from outside the USA should be folded and stapled as above and sealed inside an envelope for actual mailing. We will unseal the envelope and add your folded entry to the others.

5. All entries must be postmarked no later than October 1, 1985.

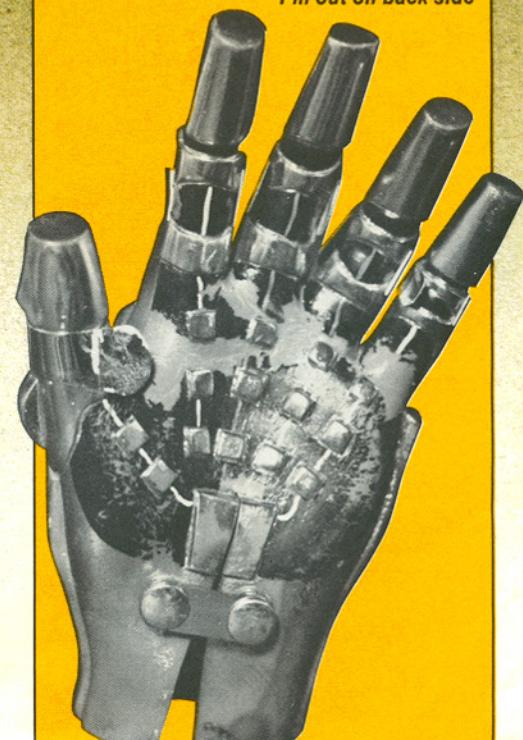
6. All entries must be submitted on this, the official entry form. Photocopies or facsimiles will not be accepted for eligibility.

7. 100 names will be randomly drawn from all eligible entries by select Lucasfilm cast and crew members.

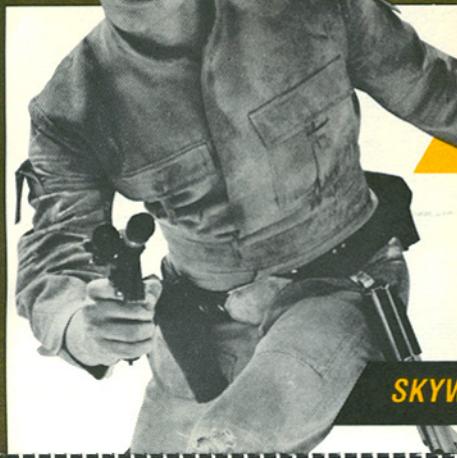
8. The first five entries drawn will be given their choice of the prize packages detailed below. We will notify the first five winners by phone. The other winners will be notified by mail.

9. All 100 winners' names will be published in BANTHA TRACKS issue #30. Your entry constitutes permission to publish your name and city/town in Bantha Tracks.

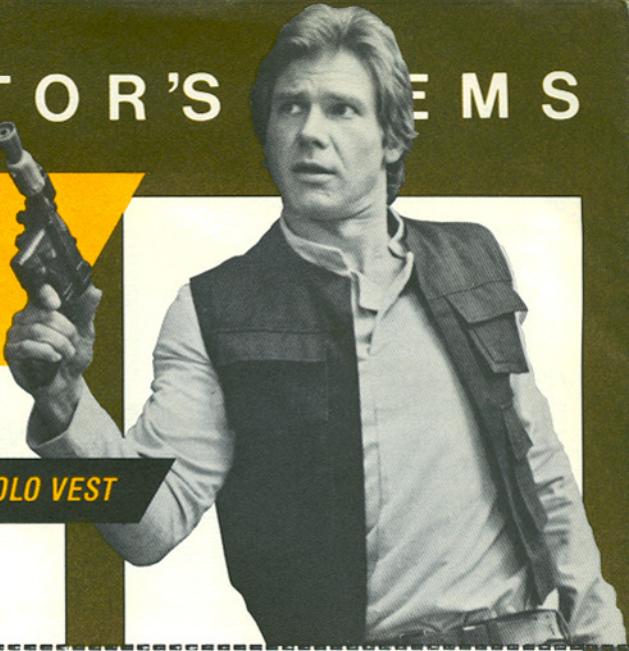
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Send check or money order to:

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Important Ordering Information for all Customers:
Orders are payable by check or money order to the Official STAR WARS/Lucasfilm Fan Club. No cash is accepted. Canadian and foreign orders must pay in U.S. funds only. California and Illinois residents add applicable sales tax. Please allow 3-5 weeks for delivery. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Prices are valid for 90 days and are subject to change thereafter. The STAR WARS special products are for members only. Commercial resale of these items is prohibited. We reserve the right to limit quantities.

NOTE: SINCE WE LIMIT SPACE FOR SPECIAL PRODUCTS AND PLACE A GREATER EMPHASIS ON BT CONTENT, WE HAVEN'T PROVIDED PHOTOS OF EACH SPECIAL PRODUCT IN EACH ISSUE. IF YOU DON'T REMEMBER WHAT SOME OF THE PRODUCTS LOOK LIKE, SEND A SELF ADDRESSED STAMPED ENVELOPE (SASE) TO THE STAR WARS/LUCASFILM FAN CLUB, P.O. BOX 163, DEPT. BROCHURE, MT. MORRIS, IL 61054 AND WE'LL MAIL YOU A SPECIAL PRODUCT BROCHURE.

ALL SPECIAL PRODUCTS HAVE BEEN REDUCED 25% TO 50% ! PLUS YOU'LL RECEIVE A FREE SURPRISE COLLECTOR'S ITEM GIFT WITH EACH ORDER!!!

Name _____

Address _____

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State _____ Postal/Zip Code _____

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Force Number _____

Amount Enclosed _____

	Item	Size	Quantity	U.S.	Canada	Foreign	Total
V	Sm. Child's	4 5 6 6x		\$19.95	\$20.95	\$21.95	
V	Child's	7 8 10 12 14		\$21.95	\$22.95	\$23.95	
V	Big Boy's	16 18 20		\$25.95	\$26.95	\$27.95	
V	Women's	S M L		\$25.95	\$26.95	\$27.95	
V	Men's	S M L XL		\$29.95	\$30.95	\$31.95	
T	Child's	S (6-8) M (10-12) L (14-16)		\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	
T	Adult's	S M L XL		\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	
S	Sm. Child's	4 5 6 6x		\$19.95	\$20.95	\$21.95	
C	Child's	7 8 10 12 14		\$21.95	\$22.95	\$23.95	
B	Big Boy's	16 18 20		\$25.95	\$26.95	\$27.95	
W	Women's	S M L		\$25.95	\$26.95	\$27.95	
M	Men's	S M L XL		\$29.95	\$30.95	\$31.95	
YOD	RETURN OF THE JEDI Yoda Patch			\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00	\$ 5.00	
PAT	Vader Patch			\$ 2.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00	
HOP	New Hope Patch			\$ 2.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00	
LOG	STAR WARS Logo Patch			\$ 1.25	\$ 1.50	\$ 2.50	
RAI	RAIDERS OF THE LOST ARK Patch			\$ 2.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00	
FPS	STAR WARS Five Patch Set (PAT LOG HOP RAI YOD) (\$10.25 value—save \$4.25)			\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	\$ 8.00	
THX	THX One-sheet			\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	
EWK	THE EWOK ADVENTURE One-sheet			\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	
EWB	CARAVAN OF COURAGE One-sheet			\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	
STR	TEMPLE B-sheet			\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	
IND	INDIANA JONES One-sheet			\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	
SWB	RETURN OF THE JEDI B-sheet			\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	
JPS	JAPANESE ROTJ Half-sheets			\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00	\$ 5.00	
JRE	JEDI rerelease of One-sheet			\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00	
PO2	JEDI Poster Album			\$ 2.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00	
PO1	EMPIRE Poster Album			\$ 2.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.00	
SCI	B.T. Compilation Issue (1-4)			\$ 1.00	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.50	
	Bantha Tracks Back Issues circle issues desired 005 006 007 008 009 010 011 012 013 014 015 016 017 018 019 020 021 022 023 024 025 026			\$ 1.00	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.50	
BTS	B.T. SET (SCI-027) (\$23.00 value—save \$13.00)			\$10.00	\$11.00	\$12.00	
California and Illinois residents only TAX							
TOTAL							



THE OPTICAL DEPARTMENT, Part II Continued

knew they wouldn't notice what we thought were problems. And he was right. People cheered and went crazy—they loved that shot!"

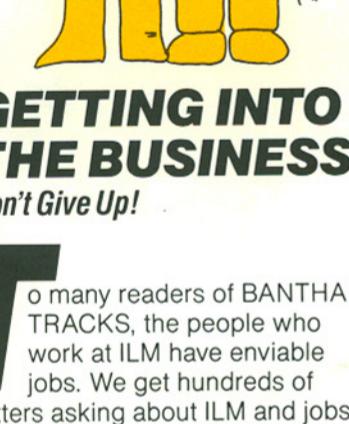
"George also knows when to throw something away if it doesn't look very good. Like most of the good directors, he can separate himself from the shot, look at it objectively, decide it's mush—and out it goes! It may have cost a hundred thousand dollars, but better to throw out the hundred thousand dollars than to leave in a hundred-thousand-dollar mistake. The end result is a better picture."

Nineteen eighty-five is turning out to be a busy year for the Optical Department. "We're working on several shows. We have six directors, six producers, six deadlines, six different looks, and probably six different kinds of effects in all of them! We've got COCOON, GOONIES, BACK TO THE FUTURE, THE YOUNG SHERLOCK HOLMES, ENEMY MINE, and EXPLORERS."

"In each film we do, we do a little bit more and a little different kind of work. We joke about it. If you walk down the hall at ILM and look at all the pictures we've worked on, there are about a dozen out there now. We call it our two-billion-dollar hall, because it represents about two billion dollars of ticket sales."

"The people who saw those films and enjoyed them believed what they saw. They could suspend their disbelief. The films didn't work just because of Optical; maybe we were the smallest part. But they worked and we held up our part of it. That's what's important."

*A frame of film is divided into fields, or areas, like latitude and longitude lines divide up a map. These fields can be used as frames of reference for composition in an effects shot.



GETTING INTO THE BUSINESS *Don't Give Up!*

To many readers of BANTHA TRACKS, the people who work at ILM have enviable jobs. We get hundreds of letters asking about ILM and jobs there, more than about almost any other subject. We asked the Optical Department people we interviewed to tell us something about their backgrounds and Optical Department jobs.

Optical jobs are broken down into functions, such as optical printer operator, optical line-up person, or lab technician. There are union categories, and the people who work in them belong to the International Photographers Union. An optical supervisor has overall responsibility for composite shots on a particular movie.

The work is not as glamorous as it sometimes sounds. It's very hard, especially on movies that have hundreds of optical effects shots. Optical technicians may find themselves working from seven or eight in the morning until 11 at night for months on end.

The people in ILM's Optical Department have a variety of backgrounds. Many of them didn't start out to work in optical effects or even have a particular interest in optics or photography, though all of them were interested in the film industry.

John Ellis, Optical Supervisor, actually started out as a machinist, making special effects equipment for his father's company. Then he decided that the people using the equipment had more fun than he had building it, so he became an assistant cameraman for another company. He also experimented on his own and visited different studios to learn even more.

Ed Jones, Optical Line-Up, studied art at first, but became disenchanted with visual design drawing and switched to film and television production. He took some special effects courses in college, and then made documentary films funded by government grants.

Ken Smith, Optical Printer Operator, earned a masters degree in film production from the famous University of Southern California

film school—"but that's worth about 45 cents." After college, he worked for a while for a man who manufactured optical printers.

Ralph Gordon, Optical Line-Up, was lucky enough to find an internship at a photo effects company while he was in college. "I went on my hands and knees and said I'd even work for free!" he recalls. The internship gave him several months of hands-on experience, and when he graduated the company offered him a full-time job. It was only as a gofer, but Ralph used it to learn "everything in the operation." He next got a job as an assistant cameraman, and when he was laid off from that job, started calling around and sending out his resume.

Tom Rosseter, Optical Line-Up, had a background in theater as a child, and studied theater and broadcasting in college, especially technical areas. He worked as a television camera operator after college, picking up films wherever he could. He was a freelance camera assistant when Bruce Nicholson hired him for ILM. He had no specific experience in optical effects, but he thinks that could almost be an advantage at ILM, because it has a very different system from most optical houses.

A common thread in everyone's stories is persistence: calling around and sending resumes for months, not giving up when the first answer is "no." Ken Smith also advises patience, especially having the patience to wait until the time is right. He got an interview at ILM within three days of sending his resume because he applied at just the right time.

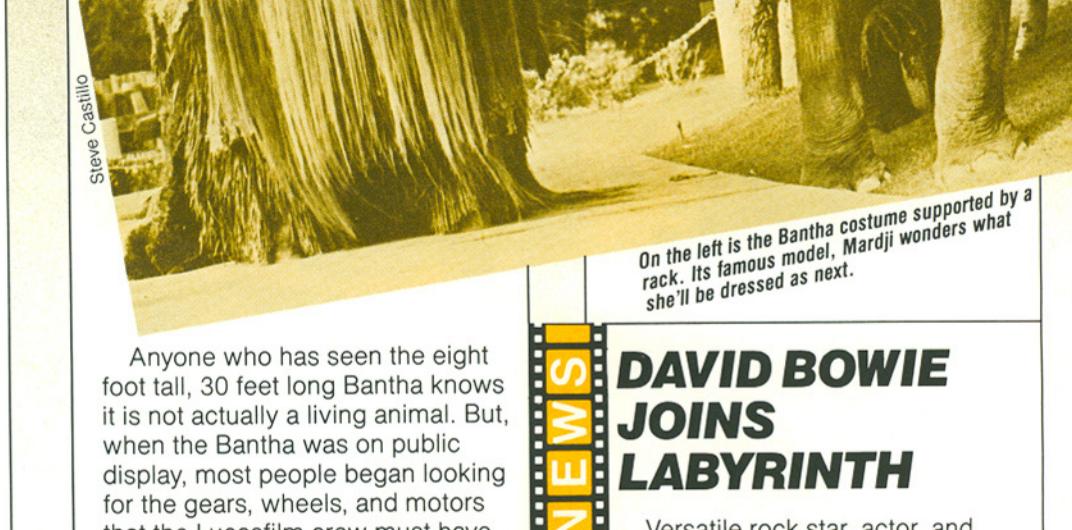
Getting as much experience in related areas is also important. "Don't even worry about credits," Tom says. "Do the job as well as you can. Even if you don't get the credit for a job, at least you learn something so the next time something comes along, you can do it better. Work really hard, and somewhere along the line, somebody is going to have an opening for you."

The final piece of advice the Optical Department people have is to do what you love. "Follow what you're interested in and work very hard at what you love doing," Ken says. "Eventually you'll get someplace. Maybe it won't really be where you hoped to be, but it will be someplace that you'll want to be."

■ Bev Clark

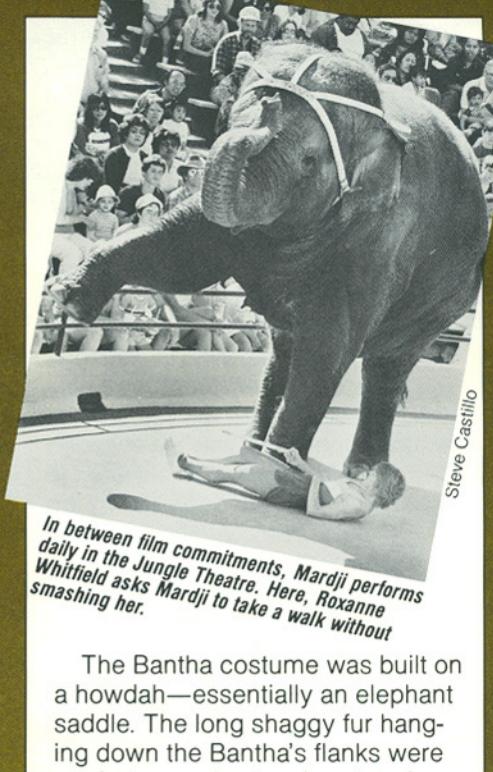
BANTHA HISTORY

In every issue of BANTHA TRACKS you'll find a drawing of the giant beast ridden by the Sand People. In the lingo of publishing, that drawing and the Bantha is our logo. We thought you'd like to know a bit more about the Bantha and what she's up to these days.



Anyone who has seen the eight foot tall, 30 feet long Bantha knows it is not actually a living animal. But, when the Bantha was on public display, most people began looking for the gears, wheels, and motors that the Lucasfilm crew must have designed to run the giant beast. Most are surprised to learn it's not a machine either; but, rather, a costume. A large costume worn by a movie veteran named Mardji.

Mardji (Hindi for Margie) is a large actress, so the 300 pound Bantha costume wasn't too much for her. Mardji weighs 8500 pounds. She's an Asian elephant now living at Marine World/Africa U.S.A. in San Mateo County, California.



In between film commitments, Mardji performs daily in the Jungle Theatre. Here, Roxanne Whitfield asks Mardji to take a walk without smashing her.

Steve Castillo

The Bantha costume was built on a howdah—essentially an elephant saddle. The long shaggy fur hanging down the Bantha's flanks were made from palm fronds painted a dull brown. Those splendid curving horns are flexible tubing and the long tail was made from jointed pieces of wood covered with thick bristles. The long Bantha beard covered Mardji's trunk, but sometimes it poked through.

Marine World's Jungle Theater Director Ron Whitfield told us it wasn't a problem since Mardji's list of standard tricks includes sticking her trunk in her own mouth.

Whitfield said it took an hour to dress Mardji in the Bantha costume, aided by a peck of her favorite apples.

Mardji still gets those apples just before her daily appearance in the theme park's Jungle Theater as she leads the elephant parade. She is always introduced as a star of the



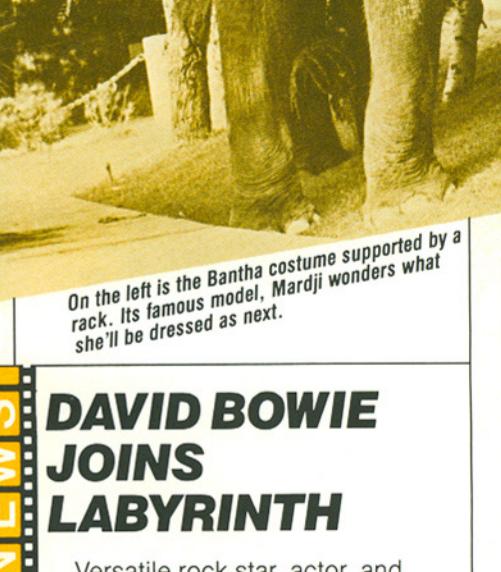
Bantha on location with George Lucas in Death Valley, CA, and/or, Bantha eyes box of donuts near George's knees.

STAR WARS movie. Now 33 years old, Mardji has been featured in other film work. She wore a huge shaggy dog costume for the Walt Disney movie THE SHAGGY DOG (a BIG shaggy dog) and is the elephant enjoying Skippy Peanut Butter in that firm's TV commercials. She has also appeared as herself—an elephant—in commercials for Isuzu automobiles and Macy's department stores.

Whitfield said that Mardji "really enjoyed" her STAR WARS role.

"She loves to travel and the Bantha scenes were shot in Death Valley." She'll see more traveling soon as Marine World/Africa U.S.A. moves to a new location in Northern California, the city of Vallejo.

■ Jok Church



On the left is the Bantha costume supported by a rack. Its famous model, Mardji wonders what she'll be dressed as next.

DAVID BOWIE JOINS LABYRINTH

Versatile rock star, actor, and composer David Bowie has been signed to star in the new motion picture LABYRINTH, in a role written especially for him. As one of only two live actors in the spectacular fantasy film, Bowie will perform in LABYRINTH as well as write some of the songs. Jim Henson is directing and George Lucas is serving as executive producer of this Henson Associates/Lucasfilm Ltd. Production for release by Tri-Star Pictures in Summer 1986.



THE 1985 STAR WARS/LUCASFILM CONTEST

100 WINNERS WILL RECEIVE PRIZES INCLUDING:

- * Bunker Reactor Models used by ILM in filming RETURN OF THE JEDI!
- * Pieces of the Death Star model used to film STAR WARS, THE EMPIRE STRIKES BACK and RETURN OF THE JEDI!
- * Parts of genuine C-3PO costumes!
- * Lobby Card sets from Lucasfilm productions!
- * One-sheets!
- * Press Kits!
- * Licensed Toys!
- * Gift Certificates for Fan Club Special Products!

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Return Address

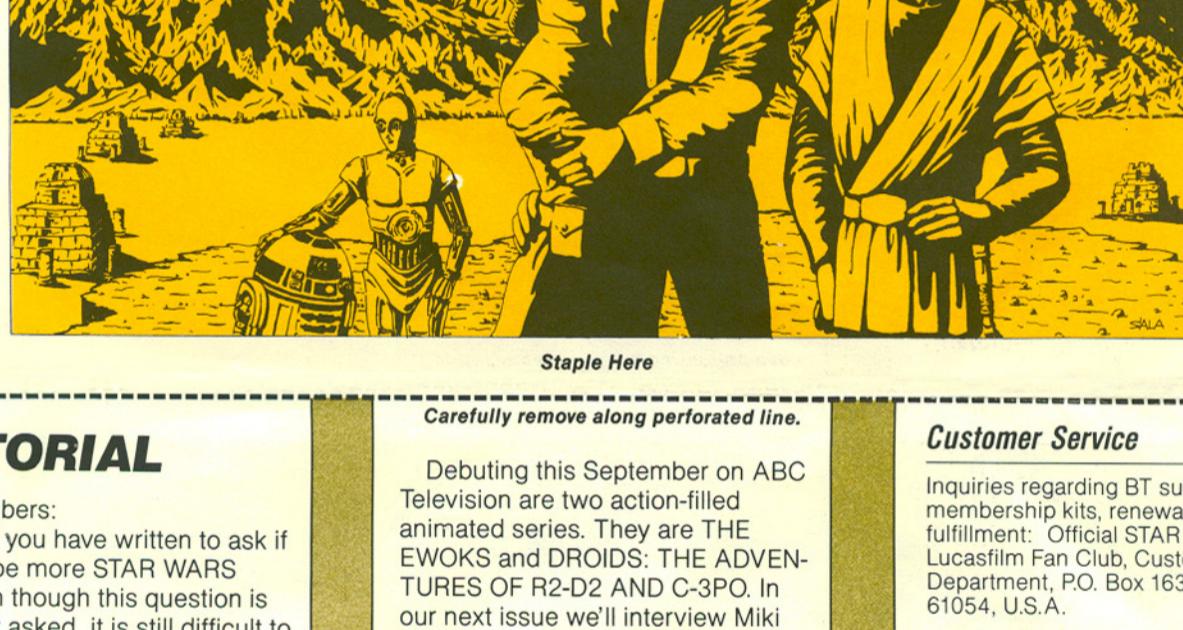
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TO: Star Wars/Lucasfilm Fan Club
RANDOM ACCESS CONTEST
P.O. Box 2202
San Rafael, CA 94912
U.S.A.

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EDITORIAL

Dear Members:

Many of you have written to ask if there will be more STAR WARS films. Even though this question is repeatedly asked, it is still difficult to answer.

Most of you are devoted to the films. George Lucas and the people who worked on STAR WARS (A NEW HOPE), THE EMPIRE STRIKES BACK, and RETURN OF THE JEDI are devoted to these films as well. They devoted over ten years of their lives to their successful completion.

The process was all consuming. Mega-movies, like the STAR WARS series, take enormous amounts of creativity, time, and energy. Having made this commitment and having completed the three segments of the STAR WARS Trilogy, George has decided to address other film-making priorities.

Filmmakers, like other artists, learn from each of their works. George learned a great deal from THX-1138 and from AMERICAN GRAFFITI and took that knowledge on to his subsequent work. Much has been learned from STAR WARS. In fact, the three films changed the way movies are filmed, sound is produced, and footage is edited. It is time to apply these lessons to new projects, as well.

There will be more STAR WARS movies. But, that is in the future, and right now no one can say when the next film will be produced, or even which portion of the STAR WARS Saga will be produced first. Currently, there are no present production plans, which means the creative field for the remaining films is wide open. When such plans are made, we will tell you about them in BANTHA TRACKS.

In a recent message to his co-workers, George said that Lucasfilm would choose projects based on their artistic merits, and then have Lucasfilm do its production work better than anyone else can. The lessons learned from creating the STAR WARS films makes this possible.

It also guarantees that any film bearing the Lucasfilm Ltd., mark will be as fine a film as it could ever be. Lucasfilm is already at work fulfilling this goal. Very soon you will be able to view new film ventures that live up to the high standards of quality established by the STAR WARS Trilogy.

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Debuting this September on ABC Television are two action-filled animated series. They are THE EWOKS and DROIDS: THE ADVENTURES OF R2-D2 AND C-3PO. In our next issue we'll interview Miki Herman, the Executive Producer of these two new shows. Other film projects include LABYRINTH, a Henson Associates/Lucasfilm Ltd. co-production. LABYRINTH is an exciting and fun-filled story of a young girl's hazardous journey through a Labyrinth (or multi-walled maze) on a desperate rescue mission and a race against time. Also, Lucasfilm Ltd. is in production on a second live action EWOK MOVIE which will air this fall. We'll keep you posted as new projects are developed!

We look forward to your continued support and interest. May the Force be with you!

Maureen Garrett, Director
STAR WARS/LUCASFILM Fan Club

Special Services

HOW TO WRITE TO US

Letters to the editor, pen pal forms, cast and crew fan mail, requests for SPFX, THX update, modelmaking, costume guidelines, science fiction convention, and club info: Official STAR WARS/Lucasfilm Fan Club, P.O. Box 2202, San Rafael, CA 94912 U.S.A.

VERY, VERY IMPORTANT!

Many times it is impossible to respond to letters because people forget to tell us who they are, so please remember to include your name, address and force number each time you write to us.

Whenever possible, for a faster response, please enclose a SASE with your letter of inquiry.

PEN PAL SERVICE

To receive a pen pal form send a long self-addressed and stamped envelope to the Fan Club address. Please write Pen Pal on the outer envelope.

CAST AND CREW

FAN MAIL FORWARDING

If you wish to write a letter to the members of the cast and/or crew of any Lucasfilm production, address the letter to that person in care of our address. For example, if you wish to write to Mark Hamill, address the envelope as follows: Mark Hamill, c/o OSW/LFLFC, P.O. Box 2202, San Rafael, CA 94912 U.S.A. If you wish to write to more than one actor write a letter to each separately. Be sure to put your address in the body of the letter, not just on the envelope. We will do our best to make sure the particular person or their representative see it. However, we are not able to promise you an answer to your letter.

Customer Service

Inquiries regarding BT subscriptions, membership kits, renewals and product fulfillment: Official STAR WARS/Lucasfilm Fan Club, Customer Service Department, P.O. Box 163, Mt. Morris, IL 61054, U.S.A.

MOVING?

Don't miss out. Be sure to notify: Official STAR WARS/Lucasfilm Fan Club, P.O. Box 163, Mt. Morris, IL 61054, U.S.A. Please include your OLD address (the information on your BANTHA TRACKS label) and your NEW address. PLEASE ALLOW 6 WEEKS FOR CHANGEOVER.

MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

New members will receive the JEDI kit and a year's subscription to BANTHA TRACKS. Fees are \$7.50 U.S., \$8.50 Canada, \$10.00 Foreign. Kits are mailed bulk rate. Please allow 4-8 weeks for delivery.

RENEWALS

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Force Numbers

Your current force number is above your name on the mailing label. It starts with your zip code followed by a string of letters and numbers from your name and address. UK/European members—your force number is a seven digit number.

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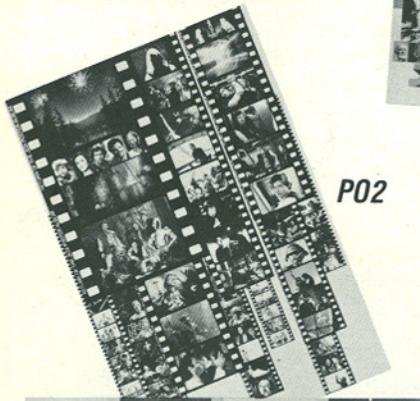
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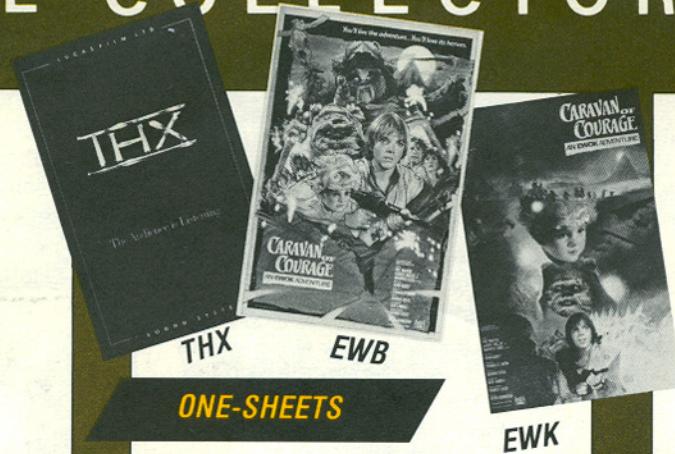
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Preview of BANTHA TRACKS 29

EWOKS & DROIDS Animation Interview: Executive Producer Miki Herman

Official STAR WARS/Lucasfilm
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